

Exam Questions

1. What are the stages of a lesson?
2. What are the roles of the student, and which one do you find the most interesting and why?
3. What is the difference between an 'error' and a 'mistake'?
4. What is feedback?
5. What is reinforcement? Give some examples.
6. How can language awareness (LA) be raised?
7. What is more important to very young learners: feedback or reinforcement?
8. Describe the TPR method and explain at what age this method is used.
9. What is the teacher's role in the TPR method?
10. What is the role of a student in the Communicative Method?
11. What is the difference between the learner's role in TPR and in the Communicative Method?
12. What is the difference between extrinsic and intrinsic motivation?
13. What are the unconventional methods of teaching? Describe one of them.
14. How is evolution accomplished in Community Language Learning (CLL)?
15. What is the difference between 'learning' and 'acquisition'?
16. Describe the TPR method: theory of language, theory of learning, and activity types.
17. What are the learner's and teacher's roles in the TPR method?
18. Describe the Silent Way: theory of language, theory of learning, and activity types.
19. What are the learner's and teacher's roles in the Silent Way?
20. What are child-friendly teaching methods?

Learning Theories

1. What are the key principles of behaviorist learning theory, and how can they be applied in the classroom?
2. How does classical conditioning differ from operant conditioning in behaviorism?
3. What role does feedback play in cognitive learning theory?
4. How does cognitivism view the process of knowledge acquisition compared to behaviorism?
5. Explain the concept of "scaffolding" in constructivist theory and provide a classroom example.
6. How does Vygotsky's concept of the Zone of Proximal Development influence teaching practices?
7. What are the key differences between Piaget's and Vygotsky's views on cognitive development?
8. How does the humanistic approach to learning address students' emotional and psychological needs?
9. In what ways can a teacher apply humanistic principles to create a supportive learning environment?
10. What is connectivism, and how is it relevant in today's digital learning environment?
11. How do social interactions contribute to learning according to social-cultural theory?

Classroom Management

12. What are the most effective strategies for managing disruptive behavior in the classroom?

13. How does establishing clear rules and routines contribute to a positive learning environment?
14. What is the role of positive reinforcement in classroom management?
15. How can a teacher foster intrinsic motivation through effective classroom management practices?

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